TEAPLO, A, S., ety. red.; GLIKMAN, S.A., doktor khim. nauk, prof., red.; GEMP, K.P., st. mauchn. sotr., red.; CRYUNER, V.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; DANILOV, S.N., red.; YEVTUSHENKO, V.A., kand. khim. nauk, red.; ZINOVA, A.D., kand. biol. nauk, red.; KIZEVETTER, I.V., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.; KIREYEVA, M.S., kand. biol. nauk, red.; VULIKHMAN, M.A., red.; POTEKHIN, I.P., red.

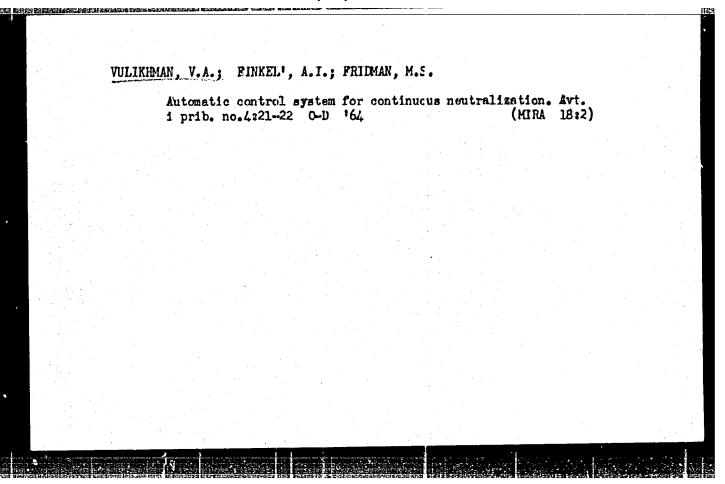
[Transactions of the First All-Union Conference of Workers in the Algal Industry of the U.S.S.R.] Trudy Pervogo Vse-soiuznogo nauchno-tekhnicheskogo soveshchaniia po vodo-roslevoi promyshlennosti SSSR. Arkhangel'sk, Arkhangel'skosknizhnoe izd-vo. Vol.1. 1962. 214 p. (MIRA 17:12)

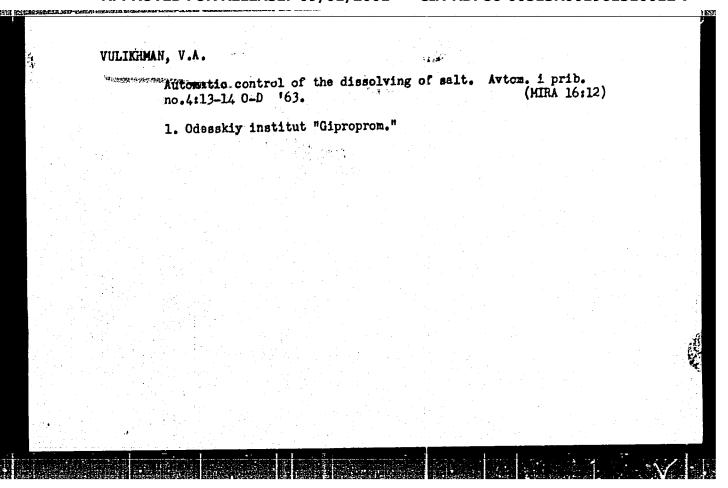
1. Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye rabctnikov vodoroslevoy promyshlennosti SSSR. lst. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Danilov). 3. Vsesoyuznyy nauchnyy institut morskogo rybnogo khozyaystva i okeanografii (for Kireyeva). 4. Nachal'nik Upravleniya rybnoy promyshlennosti Arkhangel'skogo sovnarkhoza (for TSapko). 5. Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy universiteta im. N.G.Chernyshevskogo (for Glikman).

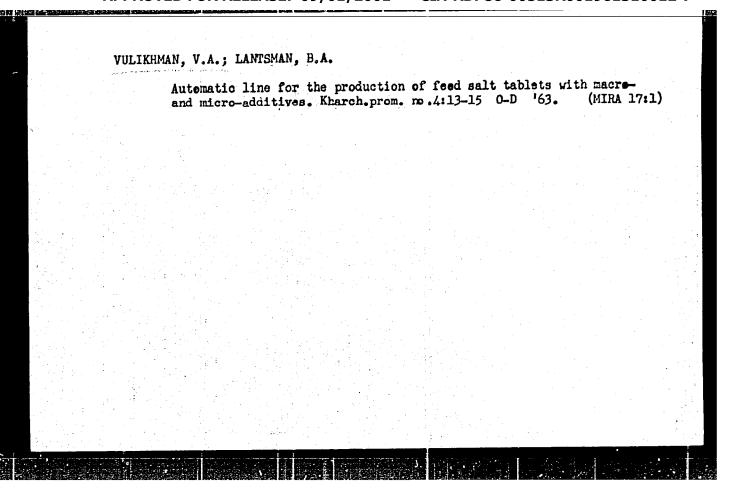
VULIKHMAN, V.A.; FRIDMAN, M.S.; FINKEL', A.I.; YUSIM, G.M.

Automated production line for low-module wetting of raw materials. Gidroliz. i lesokhim. prom. 17 no.6:26-27 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Ukrgiprogidroliz.







VULIKHMAN, V.A., inzh.; MOLODETSKAYA, O.T., inzh.

Automatic control of tank filling and pump interlocking.
Mekh. i avtom. proizv. 17 no.8:15-17 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:10)

TOROKAR, Ya.Ka., inzh.; VULIKHMAN, V.A., inzh.

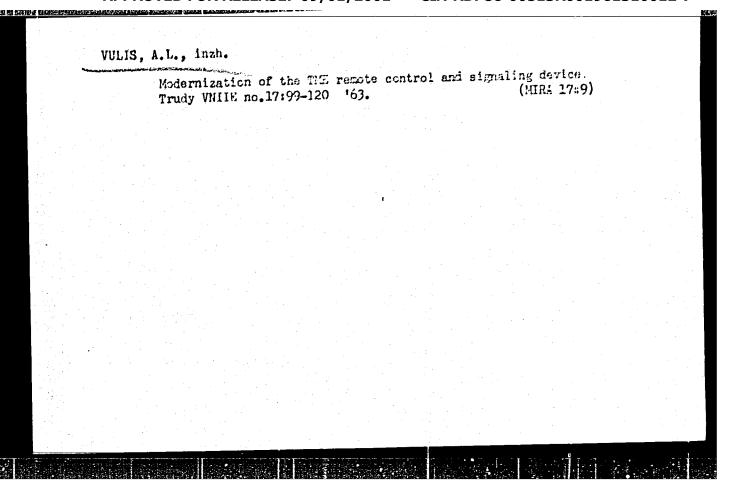
New technology and automation of kitchen salt production. Khar.
prom. no.3:74-76 J1-S '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Diproprom.
(Salt industry) (Automatic control)

Automatic lines for the preparation of concentrated dry food for infant feeding. Khar.prom. no.2:11-13 Ap-Je '62. (MIRA 639)

1. Gosudarstvennyy institut po proyektirovaniyu promyshlend predpriyatiy. (Food, Concentrated) (Assembly-line methods)

	IAVS.	of the prope	gation of co	pressible file	ove. Yes	t.Al Kasakh.	()[IBA 6:	11)
	76-91	S '53.	(.	lerodynamics)	(Gases,	Flow of)		•
					$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{1} \right) \right) \right)} \right) \right)} \right)} \right) \right)} \right)} \right)} \right)$			
•								
					- "" "- "			
								1.5



ACJ NR: AP6035701

(A, N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/019/0047/0047

INVENTORS: Mityushkin, K. G.; Vulis, A. L.; Borisov, G. M.

ORG: none

ŧ

TITLE: A remote-control device for a remote signal system. Class 21, No. 186543

/announced by All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Power Engineering and by the Plant "Elektropul't" (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut energetiki i zavod "Elektropul't")/

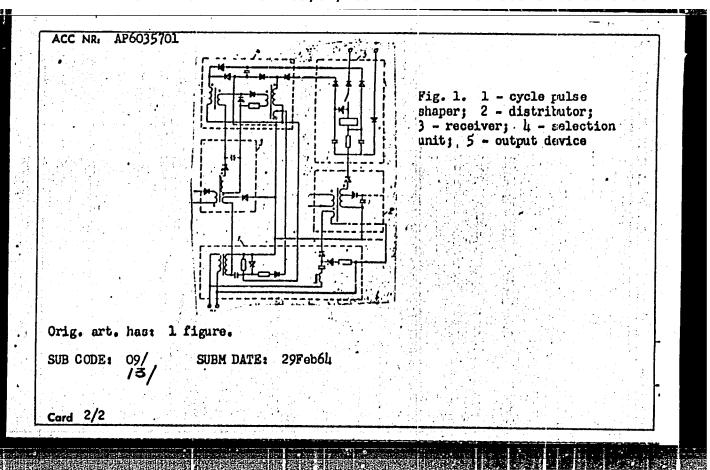
SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 19, 1966, 47

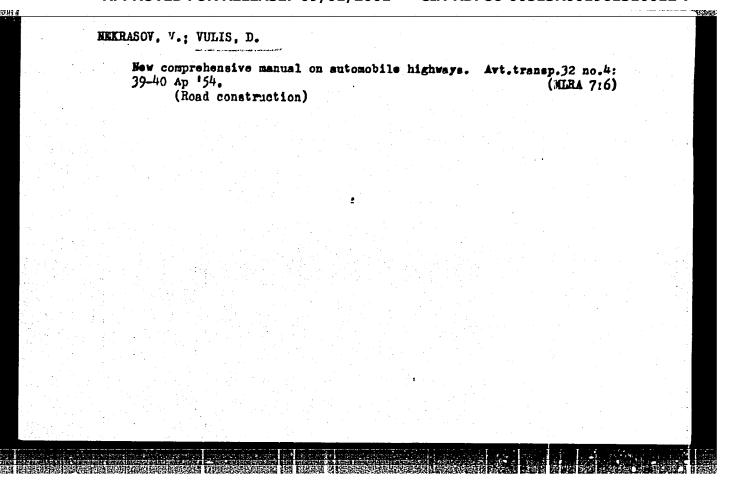
TOPIC TAGS: pulse signal, remote control, remote control system

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a remote-control device for a remote signal system. The device includes line subassemblies, selection units, distributors with magnetic cores (which have windings superimposed on them), and output devices. The design provides for accomplishing the operation of the output devices directly from the distributor pulses. The magnetic cores in the device are made, for example, of cold-rolled electrochemical steel (see Fig. 1). The output windings of the distributors are connected through diode-capacitor circuits with the input of the output devices. To increase the reliability of the device, the selection units are made on the bases of a choke circuit. The selection units are connected in series to the triggering circuit and to the releasing circuit of the output devices.

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.398

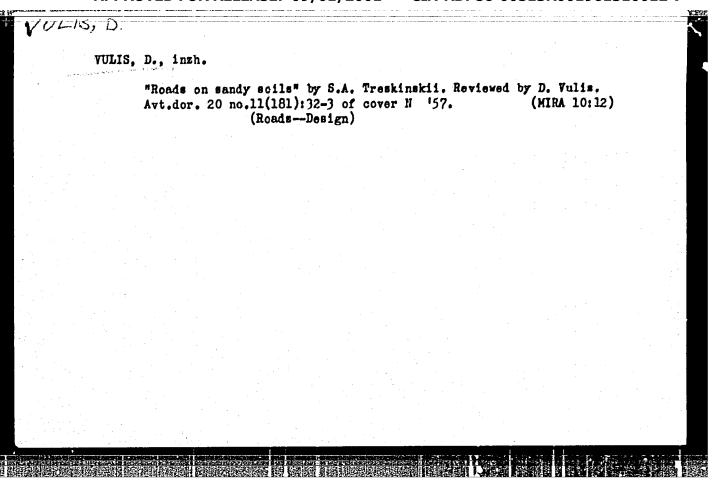




VULIS, D., insh.

Traffic capacity of suburban highways. Avt.dor. 21 no.9:19-22
S '58. (MRA 11:11)

(Traffic engineering) (Roads--Design)



VULIS, D., inzh.

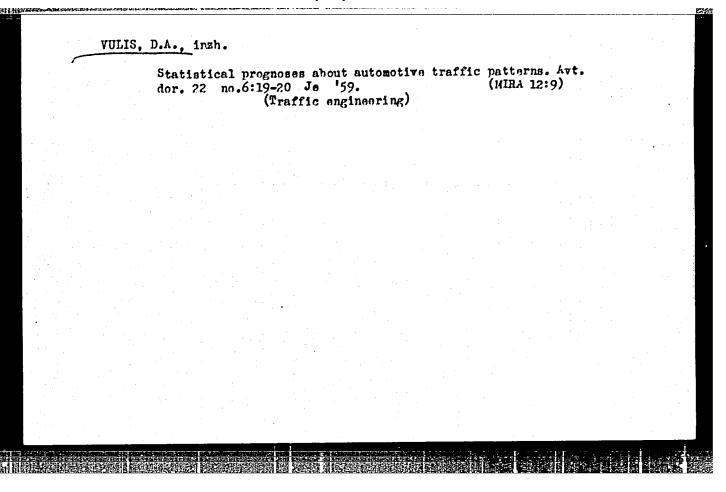
Some problems in designing highways. Avt.dor. 24 no.12:22-24
D '61. (Roads--Design)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001961310012-7

WULIS, D.A., inzh.

By-roads and belt-line highways; technical and economic sut-stantiation. Avt. dor. 28 no.2:25-26 F '65. (MIRA 18:6)



VULIS, D.A. insh. Vertical concave curves. Avt. dor. 21 no.1:18-20 Ja 158. (MIRA 11:1) (Roads-Tables, calculations, etc.)

8/264/62/000/006/007/008 1064/1242

AUTHORS:

Vulis, D.A. and Flyakh, V.S.

TITLE:

Helicopters in road survey

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Vozdushnyy transport. Svodnyy tom. no.64, 1962, 31-32, abstract 6A201. (Automob.

dorogi, no.10, 1961, 16-17)

TEXT: Helicopters are utilized mainly in underpopulated and hardly accessible regions of the USSR, for various research projects and particularly for air reconnaissance in road surveying. Preliminary surveys carried out by helicopter include general estimate of the local geological and hydrological conditions; determination of competing variables of the general route direction; investigation of the region along mountain ridges in order to choose the most suitable anddles and approaches to passes; investigation of narrow river valleys and mountain canyons in order to decide on route river valleys and mountain canyons in order to decide on route locations on the one bank or the other; investigation of rivers and swamp; deciphoring of geological details in districts with complicat-

Card .1/2

\$/264/62/000/006/007/008 1064/1242

Helicopters in rond survey

ed goological conditions; scarching and aerial reconnaissance of sources of road-building materials; aerial photography and electromagnetic and other special technical aerial surveys. The most common helicopters for road prospecting are the MN -1 (MI-1); the MN -4 (MI-4) and the AK - 24 (YaK - 24) and the light twin-propeller KAMOV helicopter.

Abstracter's note:\Complete translation.

Card 2/2

WULIS, D.A., inchener.

**Riectric lighting of the automobile highway around Moscow, Avt. dor. (MIRA 10:8)

20 no.5:31 My '57.

(Moscow Province--Roadwide improvement)

(Moscow Province--Street lighting)

VULIS, D.A., inzh.; FIYAKH, V.S.

Helicopters in road surveys. Avt. dor. 24 no.10:16-17 0 '61.

(MIRA 14:11)

(Roads--Surveying) (Helicopters)

VULIS, I.L.

Statistical estimation of the errors connected with the linearization of the vorticity equation. Meteor. i gidrol. no.5:20-27 My 164. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya imeni A.I. Voyeykova.

ACCESSION NR: APLOLLO30

\$/0049/64/000/001/0124/0135

AUTHORS: Yudin, M. I.; Vulis, I. L.

TITLE: Application of statistical methods to the investigation of the finite difference structure balance equation

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Seriya geofizicheskaya, no. 1, 1964, 124-135

TOPIC TAGS: statistical method, finite difference, structure balance equation, finite difference equation, spectral density, error density, arithmetic mean, geopotential field, wind field

ABSTRACT: Starting from some results concerning the theory for the function of a random variable and from data on the statistical structure of the wind field and the geopotential field, the authors have determined the mean arithmetic value and the spectral density of errors associated with a finite-difference approximation of the balance equation. They point out the form of a difference equation that is distinguished by relatively small error. They conclude that the proposed method may have comparatively more general significance during analysis of many natural processes for which the statistical characteristics of the investigated

Card 1/2

1						1	BULL BURNAL BURN
1 51"	_	<u></u>		1.		•	
	•	:	t t	*1	•	•	•
	ACCESSION	NR: APLOILO30	- 4				
- F	, AUCESCION I	Met Wettortoon		•			
i	fields are	known (structu	ral or con	relation fu	ntional and wh	ich are defined b	
100	equations (of mathematical	physics.	Orig. art.	has: li figure	s, 3 tables, and	y 31.
	formulas.	:	• • . •			of a control with	2 4
	1030071070				• .		
	ASSOCIATION	N: Glavnaya Ge	ofizioles	caya observat	oriya im. A. I	. Yoyeykova (Hain	
	GeobilAstcar	l'Observatory)					
! !	SUBMITTED:	23Apr63	i i	DATE ACQ:	11.Paudi.	****	
		ر ال عروالد		DATE WOLL	Trits eport	ENCL:	00
	SUB CODE:	AS	•	NO REF SOV	009	OTHER:	003 :
			/			V2.00111	(()
				i i			
	•						
		;					
		i	•				
		* 1	ì				
					•	•	
7	•						
7	Card 2/2			1	• .	ř.	\ \ \
	· ·						······································
<u> </u>							
					reset in constitution of the second		

VULIS, I. L.; RUKHOVETS, L. V.; YUDEN, M. I. (Leningrad)

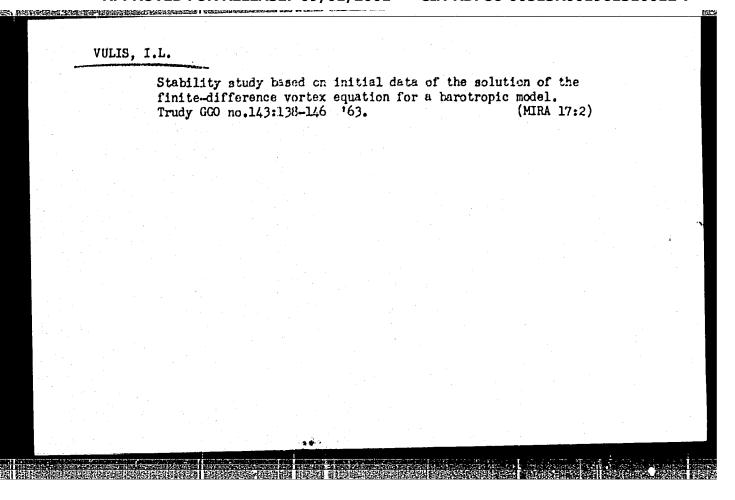
"A statistical approach to the problem of integration of the equations of atmosphere dynamic"

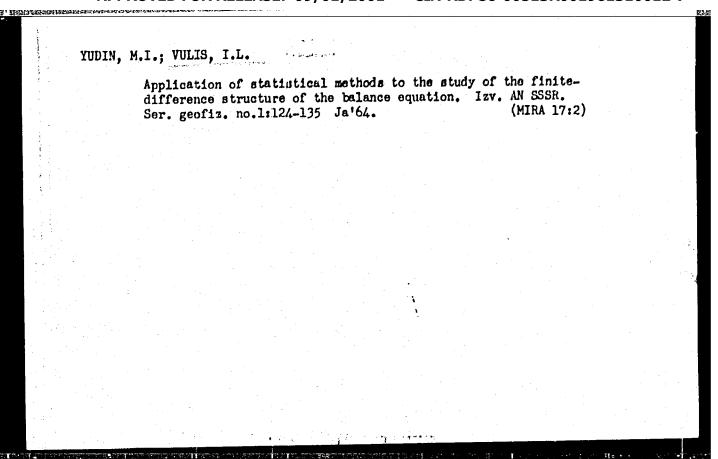
report presented at the 2nd All-Union Congress on Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, Moscow, 29 Jan - 5 Feb 1964.

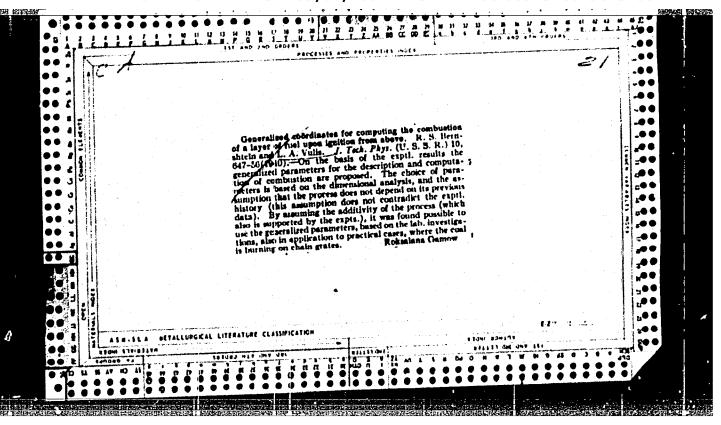
YUDIN, M.I.; VULIS, I.L.

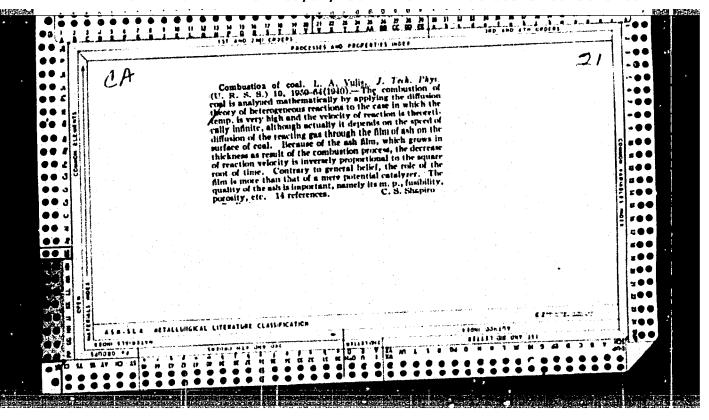
Use of statistical methods in studying the fimite-difference structure of the balance equation. Dokl. AN SSSR 153 no.5: 1067-1070 D 163. (MIRA 17:1)

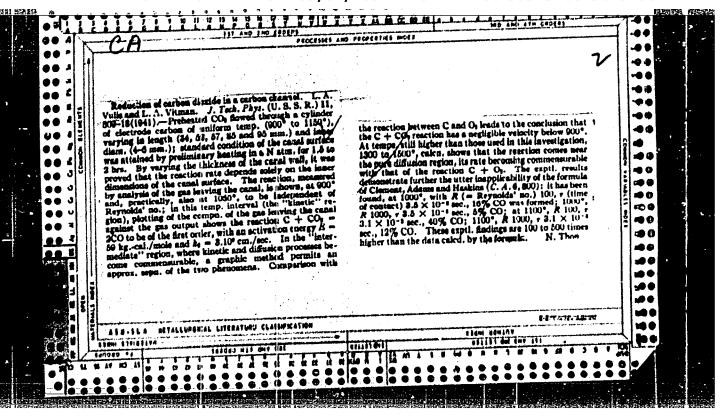
1. Glavnaya geofizicheskaya observatoriya im. A.I. Voyeykova. Predstavleno akademikom A.A. Dorodnitsynym.

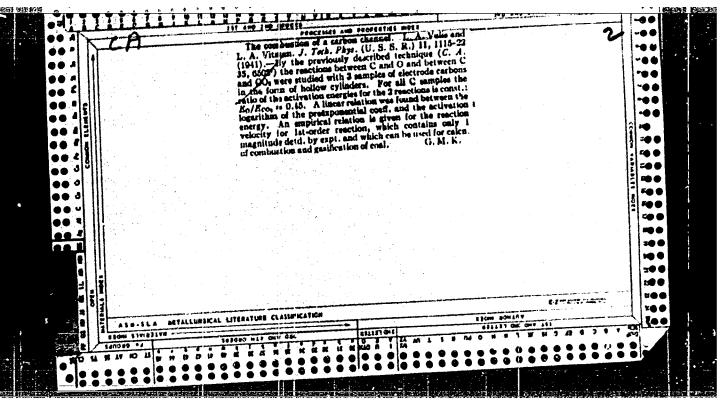


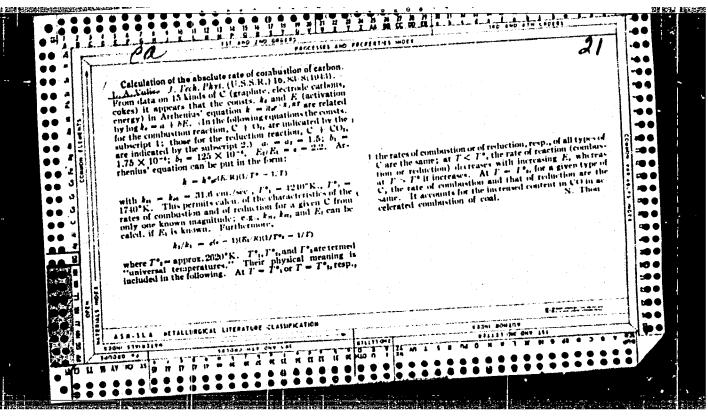


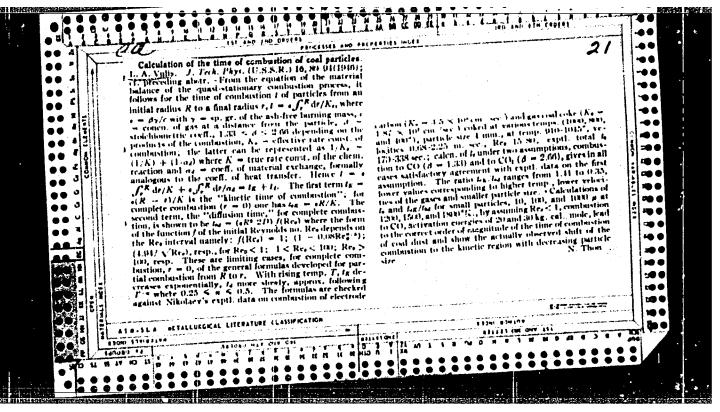


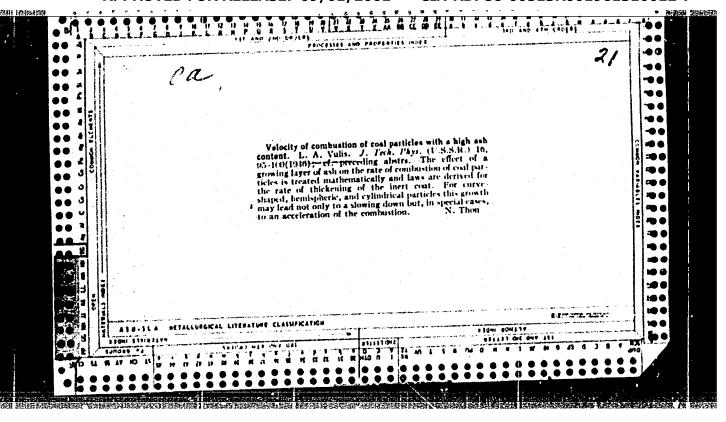


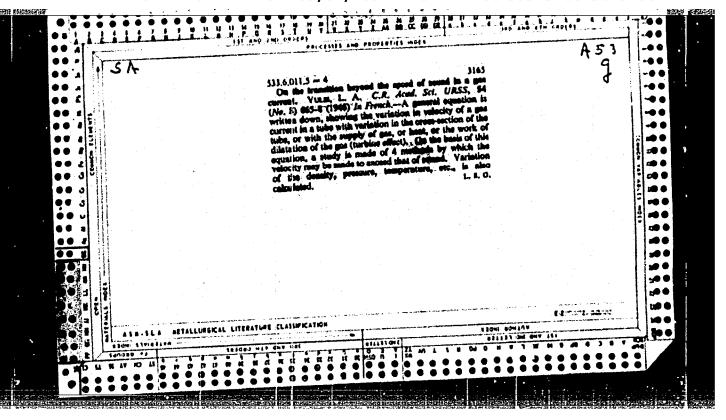


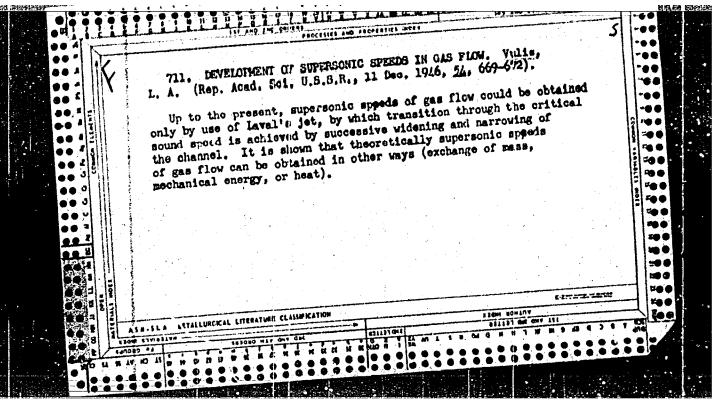












VULIS, L. A.

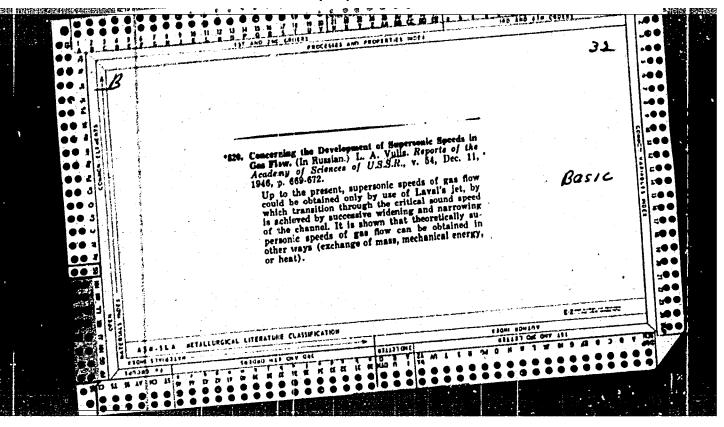
O vliianii treniia na perekhod cherez skorost' zvuka. (Akademiia Mauk SOSR. Doklady. Novaia seriia, 1946, v. 54, no. 9, p. 773-775)

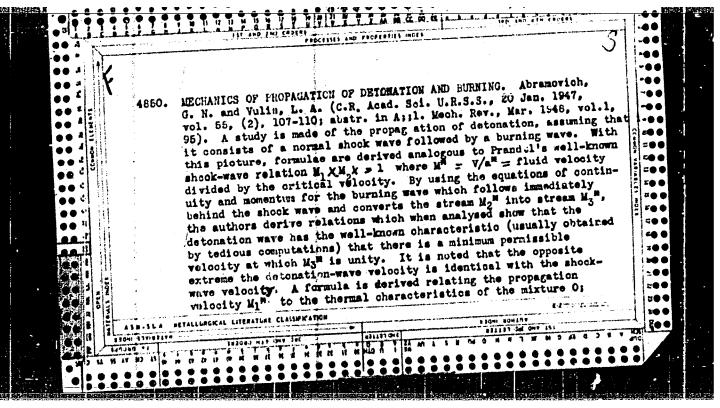
Title tr.: Effect of friction on crossing the sonic barrier.

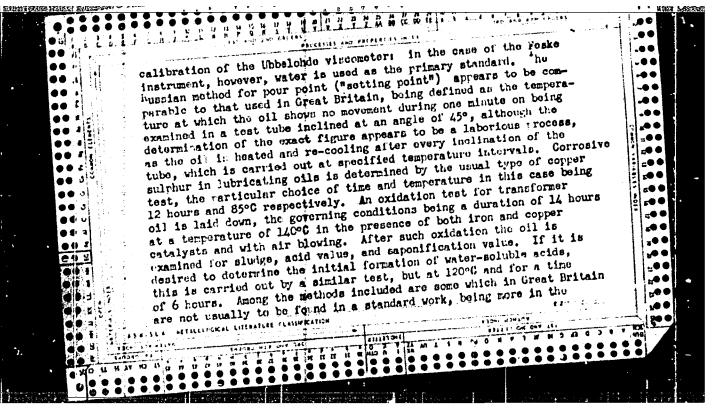
Also published in French in Comptes rendus de l'Academie des Sciences de l'URSS. Nouvelle serie, 1946, v. 54, no. 9, p. 769-771 (Q60-A52)

AS262.S3663 v. 5h

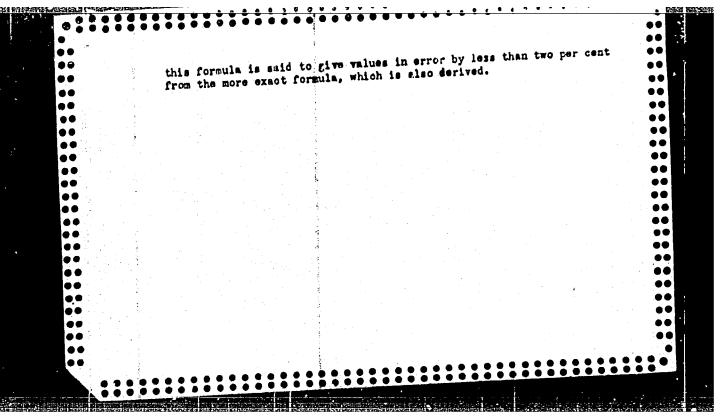
SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1955







nature of tests car ice out in a works central laboratory rather than on for intohed conducts, weter distance at the of the or a polyest in oils .. •• refined by the furfural, nitrobenzol, and phonol processes. The inclusion of tests of this type is perhaps due to the fact that whereas in the U.K. and U.S.A. their choice is left to the individual refiner, the .. •• standard methods of test being intended more to ensure that buyers requirements are determined in a uniform manner, the State operation of all 86 industry in the U.S.S.R. has made it desirable that all producers who are unitsee in a single combine should conform to a uniform works control technique. The section on the examination of greases is fairly comprehensive, and in •• addition to the usual physical tests such as penetration, drop point, tc., includes numerous methods for the chemical examination of greates, •• elg., the determination of free fatty acids, scaps, resin. Tests are laid •• down both for evaluating the protective action of greases in preventing . corrosion and also to ensure that the greases themselves are free from corrosive action. In the section dealing with retroleum by-products the traditional Russian interest in sulphonic and naphthenic acids is evinced by . .. the numerous methods for the examination of these materials. Methods are described for the determination of oil, sulphonic acids, and sulphuric acid in "Kontakt," and also for evaluating the fat-hydrolyning activity of this material. Froducts dealt with in this section include paraffin wax and bitumen: the setting point of paraffin wax (often referred to as "melting roint") is taken as the flat protion of the time-temperature cooling curve.
The oil content of paraifin was is determined by a mechanical expression method. The tests described for bitumen are those usually given in British and American publications; likewise the description if sampling procedure a conventional.



1 3 2 23

CIA-RDP86-00513R001961310012-7"

VULIS, L. A.

O zakone obrashcheniia vozdeistvii v techenii real'nogo gaza. (Akademiia Nauk SSSR.
Doklady. Novaia seriia, 1947, v. 56, no. 8, p. 799-801)

Title tr.: The law of physical effects on the character of flow of imperfect gas.

AS262.53663 v. 56

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1955

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

VULIS, L. A.

Authors Vulis, L. A.

Title: The thermodynamics of gaseous flows. (Termodinamika gazovykh potokov.) 303 p.

City: Moscow

Publisher: State Printing House of Power Engineering Literature

Date: 1950

Available: Library of Congress

Source: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol.3, No. 7, Page 459

Call No: QC318V&

Subject: 1. Thermodynamics. 2. One flow.

Textbook for engineers and students of power, aeronautical and mechanical engineering institutions of higher learning. The thermodynamic theory of one-dimensional fixed gas flow is described. Special attention is given to critical speeds and the formation of shocks.

Reviewed by G. A. Varshavskiy in Sovetskaya kniga, 1951, No. 7, p. 35-36.

VULIS, L. A., KLINGER, V. G.;

"Equilibrium Temperature of a Body in Gaseous Flow,"Zhurnal Tekhnicheskoi Fiziki, 1950, Vol 20, Nr 1, pp 97-109.

"Problem of Calculation and Modeling of Radiating Heat Exchange, Zhurnal Tekhnichesko: Fiziki, 1954, Vol 24, Nr 11, pp 2070-2078, with V. G. KLINGER.

Affiliations: 1. Power Engineering Inst. im G. M. Krzhizhanovskiy. 2. Head of a Chair, Kazakh State Univ. im S. M. Kirov.

VULIS, L. A., TEREFERMA, N. N., CHERROY, A. F.

"Regularities on the Distribution of Compressible Streams" Vestn. AN Mazakh. SSR, No 9, 1953, Sp 70-91

The authors present an approximate solution of the problem of the distribution of a nonisothermal turbulent stream flowing out of a circular aperture into a flodded space. The solution is based on the assumption of similarity of velocity-head fields. Experiments were performed to ascertain the validity of the theoretical results and the data thus obtained coincided closely with the theoretical predictions. (RZhMekh, No 1, 1955)

So: Sum. 492, 12 May 55

VULIS, L. A.

USSR/Physics - Gas-Dynamics of Heat Exchange

"Flow of a Viscous Gas in a Cylindrical Pipe in the Presence of Convective Heat Exchange," S. V. Romanenko

DAN SSSR, Vol 91, No 6, pp 1289-1292 1943

States that M. D. Millionshchik and ". A. Maristianovich, with V. G. Gai'perin and L. A. Simonov, on the basis of the classical hydrodynamic theory of heat exchange (see their Frikladnaya Gazovaya Dinamika (Applied Gas Dynamics). 1948 investigated unidimensional stationary flow of a viscous gas in a cylindrical pipe with technically smooth walls for the case of convective heat exchange and const temp of the wall. Here the author solves this problem under the assumptions but on the basis of a generalized hydrodynamic theory of heat exchange that reflects the peculiarity of high-speed flow. Cites: L. A. Vilis, Temo-dinamika Gazovykh Potikov (Thermodynamics of Gas Flow), 1950; A. A. Gukhman and N. V. Hyukhin, Osnovy Ucheniya o Teploobmene pri Techenii Gaza s Bol'shoy Skorost'yu (Principles of the Science of Mat Exchange in High-Speed Gas Flow), 1951. Presented by Acad S. A. Khristianovich 3 Jul 53.

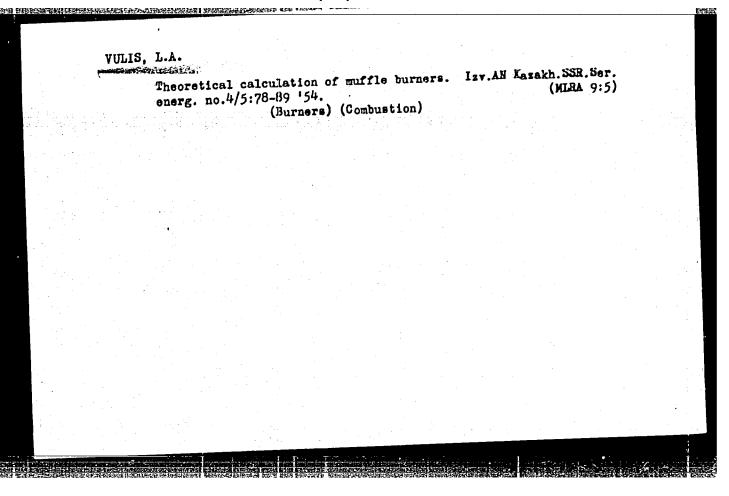
275194

VULIS, L.A.: AVINIVEVSKIY. V.S., redaktor; SKVORTSOV, I.M., tekhnicheskiy

[Thermic combustion process] Teplovoi reshim goreniia. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo, 1954. 287 p. (MIRA 7:7) (Heat of combustion) (Combustion)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001961310012-7



VULIS, L.A.

Turbulent gas streams. Isv.AN Kasakh SSR. Ser.energ.me.6:19-27
154. (Gas flew) (MLRA 9:4)

Kasakhstani resume:

The author suggests a method of solving the problem of a turbulent free stream of low velocity flowing into a submerged space for a significant difference in temperature between the stream and the surrounding medium. He transforms the equation of the boundary layer of the stream into new variables, giving it the formof the relativity averaged values of these new variables. He shows that loss of velocity along the axis of a hot stream is faster, and of a cold stream slower than in an incompressible liquid, which agrees qualitatively with experience. (RZhMekh, No 9, 1955).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001 CIA-RDI

CIA-RDP86-00513R001961310012-7

VULIS, L.A.; USTIMENKO, B.P.

Aerodynamic diagram of current in a cyclone chamber. Vest. All Kazakh.

SSR 11 no.4:89-97 Ap *54.

(Aerodynamics)

VULIS, L.A.; LEONT'YEVA, 'f.P.; TOHKOROGIY, A.V.

Stabilization of a coal-dust torch. Vest. AH Kazakh.SSE 11 no.5: 54-64 My '54. (MIRA 7:7) (Combustion)

Considers the question of the possibility of stabilizing a coal-pulverizing jet with the aid of counter currents (aerodynamic stabilization.) The authors feel that a shortcoming of the method of stabilization by poorly streamlined bodies is the fact that the quantity of returnable hot products of combustion remains constant. They suggest using a single counter current whose speed is greater than that of the basic limitless flow. (RZhMekh, No 4, 1955)

Sum 606, 5 Aug 55

YULIS L. A.

Category : USSR/Optics - Physical Optics

K--5

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957, No 4999

Author

Vulis, L.A., Klinger, V.G.

Title

: Concerning the Problem of the Calculation and Simulation of Radiant

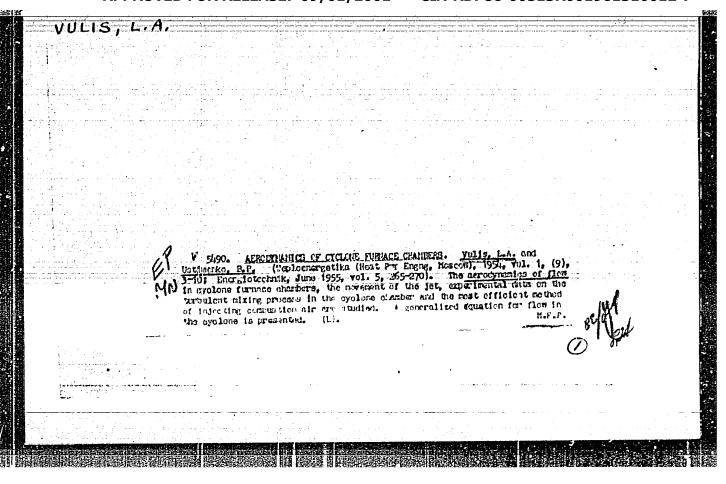
Heat Exchange.

Orig Pub: Zh. tekhn. fiziki, 1954, 24, No 11, 2070-2078

Abstract : The equations for the radiant heat exchange between gray bodies, separated by a medium that is transparent to rays, are considered. A computation procedure is proposed, based on the direct connection between the intrinsic and resultant radiation. The possibilities of using a light-

ray analogue of the radiation heat exchange are evaluated.

Card : 1/1



VULIS, L.A.

PERIODICAL ABSTRACTS

Sub.: USSR/Engineering

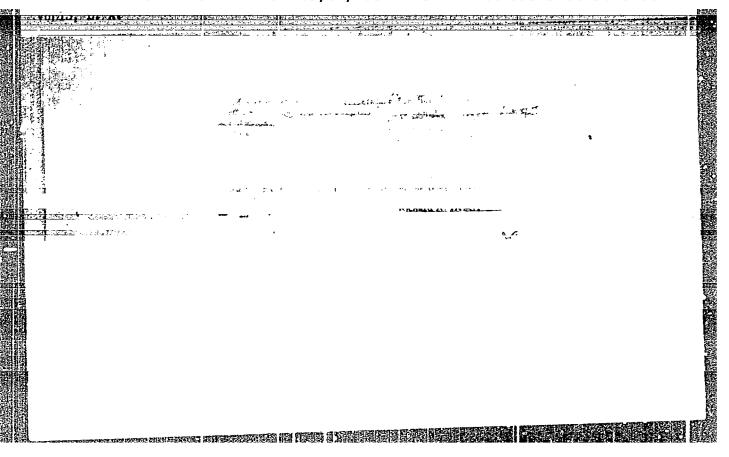
AID 4172 - P

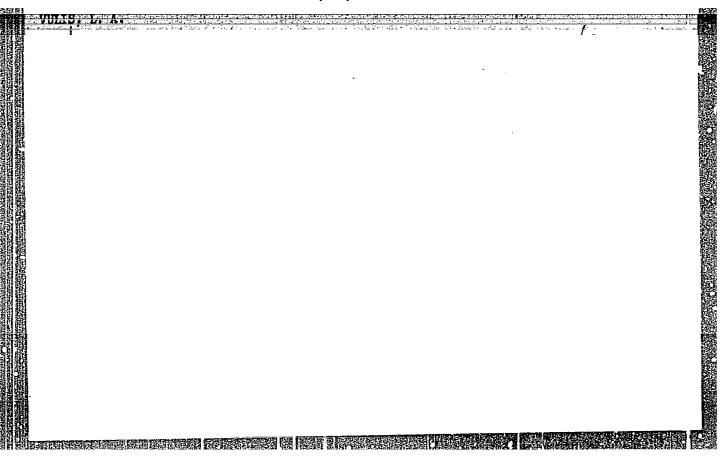
VULIS, L. A., and V. P. KASHKAROV.

O SMESHENII DVUKH ODNORODNYKH POTOKOV VYAZKOY ZHIDKOSTI (On mixing two homogeneous flows of viscous liquids). Teploenergetika, no. 2, F 1955: 41-46.

A study on laminary and turbulent flows of two parallel or opposite flows of viscous liquids. A mathematical analysis leads to a formula derived from the analysis of the asymptotic layer. The velocity and temperature distribution is presented. Five diagrams.

VULIS, L.A.; LEONT'YEVA, T.P. Parallel and counter turbulent streams. Izv.AN Kazakh SSR.Ser.energ. no.9:109-122 '55. (Gas flow)





VULIS, L.A., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor; USTIMENKO, B.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Effect of a nonisothermal field on the aerodynamics of flew in a cyclone furnace chamber. Teploenergetika 3 no.4:36-39 Ap 156. (MERA 9:6)

1.Institut energetiki AN KarSSR.
(Furnaces--Aerodynamics)

The problem of applying data pertaining to the aero-dynamic properties of a cold air flow in a cyclone combustion chamber to the non-asothermal motion of a gas flow in the same type of furnace. Three diagrams, Seven Russian references, 1953-56.

HATELEN BELLEVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

WULIS, L.A., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Mixing gases by means of jets. Teploenergetika 3 no.12:37-41 D '56. (MLRA 9:12)

1. Kasakhskiy universitet. (Gas flow)

SOV/124-58-1-833

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 1, p 109 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Vulis, L.A.

TITLE:

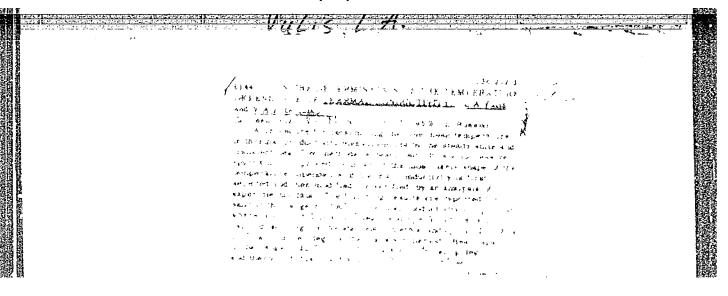
On the Calculation of Free Turbulent Compressible-gas Jets (K raschetu svobodnykh turbulentnykh struy szhimayemogo gaza)

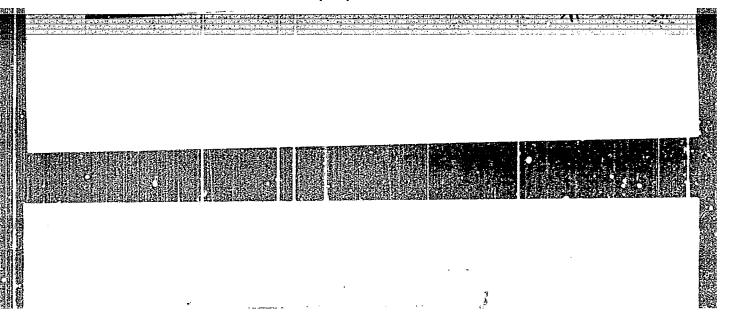
PERIODICAL: Izv. AN KazSSR, ser. energet., 1956, Nr 10, pp 87-102

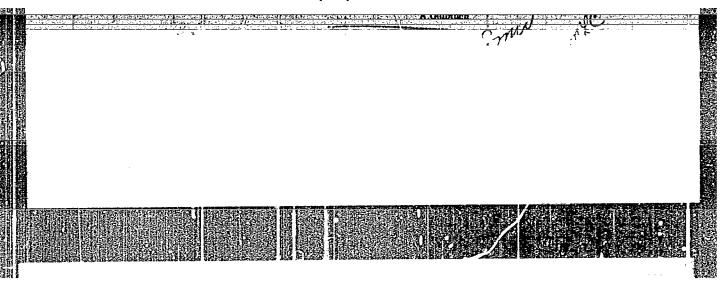
ABSTRACT:

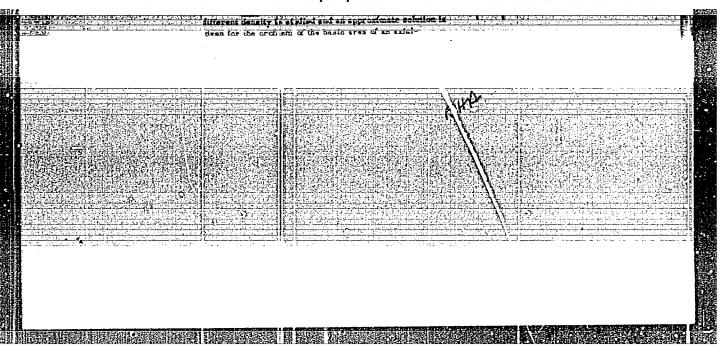
The author presents a method for the approximate calculation of compressible-gas jet flows; the method is based on the assumption that turbulent exchange processes in free gas jets are determined by physical quantities such as the density of the flow impulse and excess heat content but not by the velocity or the excess temperature. This assumption was verified experimentally by the author (RZhMekh, 1958, Nr 1, abstract 832) for the case of a change in the jet-flow density due to heating and the presence of gases of different molecular weight. The results obtained are applied to the solution of the problem of the starting range of a slightly twisted nonisothermal turbulent jet in a stationary medium; the paper does not adduce any experimental verification of the results obtained. Bibliography: 14 references.

Card 1/1









USSR / PHYSICS SUBJECT

CARD 1 / 2

PA - 1824

AUTHOR

VULIB, L.A., KASKAROV, V.P.

TITLE

The Propagation of a Laminar Vortex Beam of a Moncompressible

Liquid along the Surface of a Cone.

PERIODICAL

Zurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc.12, 2705-2708 (1956)

Issued: 1 / 1957

The laminar flow on an incompressible liquid flowing along a conical surface is investigated. An orthogonal system of coordinates is selected in which the x-axis is located in the direction of the generating line of the cone, the y-axis is vertical to the former, and the coordinate 9 is read off the axis of the cone. Zero point is located on the point of the cone. In this system of coordinates the equations of NAVIER-STOCKS, and those for the untearability of an axial-symmetric motion is set up for the case that spatial forces are lacking. These equations are then generalized by means of LAME'S coefficients. On the assumption that the flow is far from the source, ordinary differential equations are obtained from which the velocity profiles (the longitudinal- and rotation components) for the first approximation is obtained for a solution corresponding to an automodel motion. It would not be difficult to obtain even higher approximations. For this purpose it would, however, be necessary to do without the universality of the profiles of the velocity- and pressure-compo-. nents. For the task under discussion here also the solutions of the heat problems for a noncompressible liquid hold good, which were obtained in a work by VULIS and TROFINENEO (Zurn.techn.fis 26, 2709, fasc.12, (1956)). The results

Zurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc. 12, 2705-2708 (1956) CARD 2 / 2 PA - 1824 obtained by the present work can be used for the approximated representation of the velocity and the pressure in a turbulent flow at v_{turb} = const. The qualitative character of the motion is without doubt maintained on this occasion.

INSTITUTION: Kazachian State University, Alma-Ata.

每11 是我们还是我自己的影影,我们们还是我们的一个,我们就是我们,我们就是我们的人们的人,也是一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个

SUBJECT

PERIODICAL

USSR / PHYSICS

CARD 1 / 2

PA - 1825

AUTHOR TITLE

VULIS.L.A., TROFIMENKO, A.T.

Heat Problems connected with a Laminar Beam Propagated along a

Wall.

Zurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc.12, 2709-2713 (1956)

Issued: 1 / 1957

The solution of the heat problem for a flat laminar beam of an incompressible liquid propagated along a wall is found by the integration of differential equations with corresponding boundary conditions. The two first equations correspond to the dynamic problem solved by AKANTOV. The problem is investigated for three types of boundary conditions: = 0 (The boundary conditions 1. For y=0, T=0; for $y=\infty$, T=0,

for temperature and velocity are similar).

2. For y=0, $\frac{\partial T}{\partial y}=0$, for $y=\infty$ T=0, $\frac{\partial T}{\partial y}=0$ (The beam is propagated along the wall of the non-heat-conductive material).

= 0 (Motion along a wall with constant 3. For y=0 T=T, for y = ∞ T = 0, $\frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$

temperature). In all these cases T is the excess temperature. These cases are now dealt with separately. The here obtained results and equations and final formulae (for all three cases) are obtained also in the first approximation of the heat problem with respect to the laminar beam emitted

Zurn.techn.fis, 26, fasc.12, 2709-2713 (1956) CARD 2 / 2

PA - 1825

from a radial gap diffusor along a wall. The corresponding dynamic problem has been solved by CUKKER. The relative temperature- and velocity profiles obtained are shown in form of diagrams. The solution of the dynamic as well as of the heat problem can be approximatively added to a turbulent motion on the condition that the coefficients of the turbulence-exchange are assumed to be constant. The relative velocity profiles according to AKANTOV and the experimental results obtained by FOERTMANN differ noticeably. Here the difference in the structure of "turbulent kinematic viscosity" in a flow near a solid wall as well as in one that is located at a certain distance from the wall becomes apparent. The case of a turbulent beam requires special investigation.

INSTITUTION: Kazachian State University, Alma-Ata.

8/123/59/000/008/039/043 A004/A002

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, 1959, No. 8, p. 367, # 31548

AUTHOR:

Vulis, L.

TITLE:

Jet Problems of Applied Gas Dynamics

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Issled. fiz. osnov rabochego protsessa topok i pechey.

Alma-Ata, AN KazSSR, 1957, pp. 15-53

The author gives a survey of individual investigation results of unrestricted turbulent jets of incompressible liquids and gases. He indicates some problems of further investigations.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R001961310012-7" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

VULIS, L. A.

THE MORE INSTRUCTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

5(1) In 1.3-4,5,6 PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

sov/1659

Akademiya nauk Kazakhskoy SSSR, Alma-Ata

Issledovaniye fizioheskika osnov rabochego protsessa topok i pechey (Investigation of the Bhysical Bases of Operational Processes of Combustion Chambers and Furnaces) Alma-Ata, Izdat AN Kazakhskoy SSR, 1957. 369 p. 800 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Alma-Ata. Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. S.H. Kirova.

Ed. (Title page): L.A. Vulis, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Ed. (Inside book): D.M. Glazyrina; Tech. Ed.: Z.P. Rorokina.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for a wide circle of scientists and industrial engineers.

COVERAGE: The twenty-nine articles of this collection report on experimental and theoretical investigations of different physical

Card 1/7

Investigation of the Physical (Cont.)

307/1659

phenomena which constitute an integral part of the complex operational processes of modern combustion engineering equipment, and also, the entire process applicable to different types of burners and furnaces (cyclone combustion chambers, muffle burners, burners with automatic stokers, etc.). Articles in Part I treat laminar and turbulent jets of liquids and compressible gas. Part II reviews methods of modeling combustion processes (light, hydraulic and electrical), enthalpy, temperature measurement, calorimetry, etc. Part III relates to different problems and theories of fuel combustion and special operational features of combustion and furnace equipment. No personalities are mentioned.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword

3

From the Editor

5

Card 2/7

Investigation of the Physical (Cont.) Sov/165	9
PART I. THE AERODYNAMICS OF JET FLOW	
Vulis, L.A. Jet-flow Problems of Gas Dynamics	15
Kashkarov, B.P. Some Accurate Solutions in the Theory of Incompressible Liquid Jets	54
Ustimenko, B.P. The Investigation of Slightly Involute Jets	64
Vulis, L.A., V.P. Kashkarov, and T.P. Leont' yeva. Investigation of Complex Turbulent Jet Flows	86
Vulis, L.A., and S.I. Isatayev. Turbulent Flow of an Incompressible Edquid in the Wake of a Poorly-streamlined Body	112
Terekhina, N.N. Propagation of a Free Turbulent Gas Jet	125
Vulis, L.A., T.K. Mironenko, and N.N. Terekhina. Approximate Calculation of Speed and Temperature Distribution in Free Turbulent Jets of Compressible Gas	148
Card 3/7	

Sov/1659	
Investigation of the Physical (control	
Kashkarov, V.P. The Question of the Flat Boundary of a Com- pressible Gas Jet	166
Bukhman, S.V., and A.P. Chernov. The Investigation of Two- Phase Free Jets	175
PART II. METHODS OF INVESTIGATION AND MEASURING	
Vulis, L.A., and V.G. Klinger. Investigating Radiant Energy Exchange by a Method Employing Light Models	193
Klinger, V.G. Experimental Investigation of Radiant Energy Exchange by an Method Employing Light Models	211
<u>Vulis, L.A.</u> The Use of Hydro Integrators [Hydrodynamic and Hydrostatic Integrators] in the Solutions of Some Practical Problems	223
Potseluyko, V.A., and A.T. Trofimenko. The Investigation of a Temperature Field by the Electrothermal Analogy Method	242
Card 4/7	

. 1	Investigation of the Physical (Cont.) SOV/165	9
•	Vulls, L.A., N.D. Kosov, and V.A. Potseluyko. Determining the Heat Constants of Foor Heat Conductors	25
	Vdovenko, M.I., and V.V. Favorskiy. The Temperature Characteristics of Some Eazakhstan Coal Ashes	27
	Kosov, N.D. Some Methods of Determining the Diffusion Coefficient of Gases	28
	Kosov, N.D. The Temperature Dependency of the Diffusion Coefficient of Gases	29
	Basina, I.P. Methods of Measuring Flame Temperatures in Smelt- ing Furnaces	29
	Vulis, L.A., and N.D. Kosov. A New Method of Calorimetric Measurement	31
	Card 5/7	
		· .

Investigation of the Physical (Cont.)	sov/ 1659
PART III. COMBUSTION. COMBUSTION CHAMBERS AND FURI	races
Vulis, L.A. Synopsis of the Elementary Theory of Heat Cotions During Combustion	ondi- 321
Favorskiy, V.V. Some Special Features of Ash Coal Combus	stion 345
Reznyakov, A.B. The Burning of a Pulverized-Coal Flame	361
Leont'yeva, T.P. The Aerodynamics of a Muffle Burner	380
Vulis, L.A., and B.P. Ustimenko. Investigation of the Addynamics of a Cyclone Combustion Chamber	ero- 389
Tonkonogiy, A.V., and I.P. Basina. The Burning and Separ of Fuel Particles in a Cyclone Combustion Chamber	ration 407
Teplitskiy, M.G. The Sharp Blast in Combustion Chambers	420
Tonkonogiy, A.V. The Choice of Burners for Reverberatory per-Smelting Furnaces	y Cop- 428
Card 6/7	

Investigation of the Physical (Cont.)

Tonkonogiy, A.V., and I.P. Basina. The Burning of Coal With a High Content of Ash in a Cyclone Combustion Chamber 447

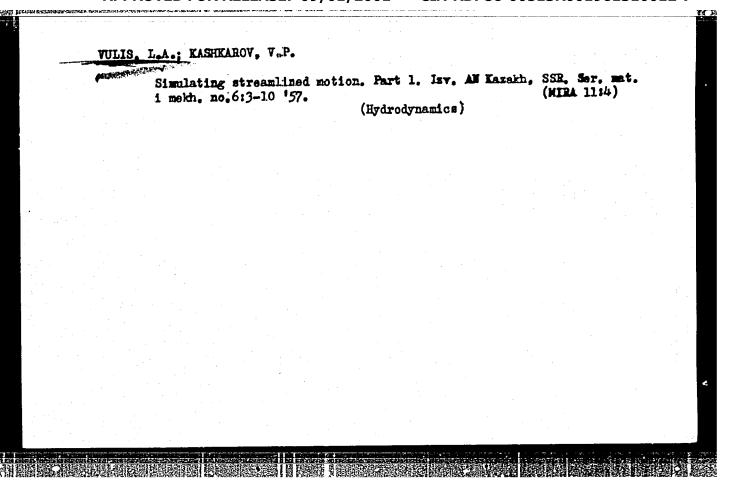
Favorskiy, V.V. Some Results of the Study of Working Principles of Combustion Chambers With Stoker Grates 457

Supplement (From the Editor) 468

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 7/7

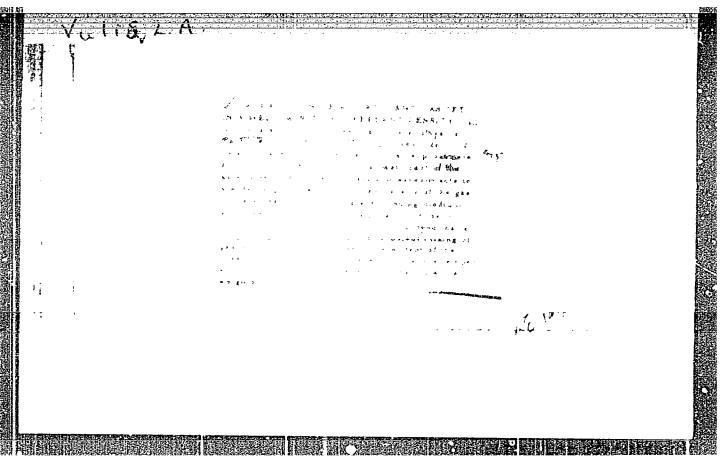
TM/1sb 5-28-59



VULIS, L.A.; KASHKAROV, V.P.

Similating streamlined motions. Part 2. Izv. AN Kazakh. SSR. Ser.
mat. 1 mekh. no.6:11-19 57.

(Hydrodynamics)



VULIS, L. A. and TROFINENKO, A. T.

"Heat-Problems for a Laminar Stream Spreading Along a Wall."

Sov. Phys. - Tech. Phys. Oct 1957, pp 2616-2620

VULIS, L. A. and KASHKOROV, V. P.

"Motion of a Laminar Twisting Stream of Incompressible Fluid along the Surface of a Cone." Sov. Phys. - Tech. Phys, Oct 1957, pp 2612-2615.

Derivation of the velocity profile (longitudinal and rotating components) for first approximation, corresponding to self-simulated motion.

VULLIS, L. A.

AUTHOR: Vulis, L. A. (Alma-Ata)

24-10-21/26

TITLE: On the Ranque effect. (Ob effekte Ranka)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye Tekhnicheskikh Nauk, 1957, No.10, pp.105-107 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: During the flow of air or of any other gas from a Ranque tube, a difference is observed in the braking temperature in the near-axial and in the peripheral streams; the gas in the tube enters tangentially under pressure and forms inside it a rotating flow. The difference of the braking temperature at the axis and near to the walls reaches several tens of Centigrade. A number of papers have been devoted to experimental investigation or theoretical explanation of this phenomenon (Refs. 2,3,6). For explaining the Ranque effect, the author considers it advisable to investigate the distribution of the braking temperature in a steady state unidimensional circular movement of a viscous gas, for which case the energy equation can be expressed by means of Eq.(1), p.106. Two cases are possible, namely, the quasi-hard flow and the quasi-potential flow. In a real case the circular movement of the gas is characterised by a variable field of temperature braking and, correspondingly, by local energy

"Turbulent Transfer of Heat and Matter in a Jet Flow of a Gas," Aerodynamic and Heat Transfer Problems in Boiler and Furnace Processes; A Collection of Articles, Moscow, Gosenergoizdat, 1958. 329 p.

Purpose: The book is intended for engineers and combustion specialists concerned with the design and operation of heating equipment and it is also for scientific workers and students of vuzes.

"On the Aerodynamics of the Cyclonic Furnace Chamber," with Ustimenko, B. P.,

Ibid.

61492

307/112-59-20-41797

10.2000

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotekhnika, 1959, Nr 20, p 16,

(USSR)

AUTHOR:

Vulis, L.A.

TITLE:

The Principles of Gas-Torch Aerodynamics

PERIODICAL:

V sb.: Teoriya i praktika szhiganiya gaza. Leningrad Gostoptekhiz-

dat, 1958, pp 5-20

ABSTRACT:

The burning of a developed turbulent torch is considered from the viewpoint of the theory of turbulent streams on the basis of the asymptotic (infinite) layer theory. A summary of the main characteristics and solutions for the four simplest problems relating to free "drowned" streams is given. An analysis of the problem of the laws of heat and matter transfer in free turbulent streams showed that the best agreement with experimental results is achieved when the Prandtl turbulent number is equal to 0.75. The presence in such streams of something similar to temperature and concentration profiles can be taken as an established fact. Solutions of the thermal (diffusion) problem are given for "drowned" streams. For the industrial burning of gas the principles of turbulent stream propagation

Card 1/2

6749× 50V/112-59-20-41797

The Principles of Gas-Torch Aerodynamics

in gas currents - parallel, counter and transverse - have a special importance. The last problem is not solved as yet; for the first two problems solutions are given and it is pointed out that the method of hydrointegration offers the best prospects for the solution of equations of the heat-conductivity type. It is pointed out that, unlike the case of nonisothermic laminar streams, the calculation of nonisothermic turbulent streams is based on a hypothesis, subject to an experimental check: an assumption of the determining role played by the dynamic pressure and the density of the current of surplus heat content in the turbulent intermixing of gas streams of variable density. Aerodynamic schemes of a gas torch, essentially diffusional, are considered. The existing methods of calculation of such a torch are analyzed and the necessity of a further elaboration is emphasized.

A.D.A.

Card 2/2

22911

S/112/60/000/003/001/002 E073/E335

11.9200

AUTHOR: Vulis, L.A.

TITLE: Turbulent Heat and Mass Transfer in the Case of

Jet Movement of Gas

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, No. 3, 1960, p. 37 abstract 2.1172 (Vopr. aerodinamiki i teploperedachi v kotel'no-topochn. protsessakh.

M.-L., Gosenergoizdat, 1958, 81-99)

TEXT: The process of mixing two immobile infinitely extending, incompressible gases of an equal density of the temperatures \mathbf{T}_1 and \mathbf{T}_2 , respectively, is investigated for

the case that along the surface of division a flat jet stream is injected which flows from a slot of the width boat the speed U. Based on the solution of Hertler, a solution can be found for the thermal problem if two assumptions are made on the coefficient of turbulent heat exchange. The temperature profiles and the expressions for the specific heat flow through the division boundary and the local and average coefficients of heat transfer are given. Under turbulent conditions of flow the Card 1/2

22911

5/112/60/000/003/001/002

Turbulent Heat and Mass Transfer ... E073/E335

latter amounts to about U and under laminary conditions if amounts to $\sim U^{2/3}$. The investigated problem of jet movement of a compressible gas is reduced to comparing the results of a theoretical solution obtained by the author with other solutions based on various assumptions concerning the similarity of the individual fields. Comparison of the results with experiment appears to support the hypothesis of the author on the similarity of the fields of density and heat content of an impulse flow and against the hypothesis of the similarity of temperature profiles and of speeds taken separately. Views are expressed on the redistribution of the total energy in a gas flow in absence of heat exchange with the external medium. Due to the fact that the turbulent Prandtl number is less than 1 , fast streams are enriched with energy at the expense of slow ones. This phenomenon is illustrated by results of experiments on the measurement of the coefficient of recovery and the effect of Rank-Kilsh tubes. (Abstractor's note: complete translation.)

Card 2/2

REZNYAKOV, Aleksandr Borisovich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk; VULIS, L.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, otv.red.; OSADCHIY, F.Ym., rad.:
ROROKINA, Z.P., tekhn.red.

[Similitude method; essential features and practical application]
Metod podobiia; sushchnost' i prakticheskoe primenenie. Alma-Ata,
Izd-vo Akad.nauk Kazakhskoi SSR, 1959. 150 p. (MIRA 12:12)
(Dimensional analysis)

V3LL15, L.T.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5290

Soveshchaniye po prikladnoy gazovoy dinamike. Alma-Ata, 1956

Trudy Soveshchaniya po prikladnoy gazovoy dinamike, g. Alma-Ata, 23-26 oktyabrya 1956 g. (Transactions of the Conference on Applied Gas Dynamics, Held in Alma-Ata, 23-26 October 1956) Alma-Ata, Izd-vo AN Kazakhskoy SSR, 1959. 233 p. Errata slip inserted. 900 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk Kazakhskoy SSR. Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni S.M. Kirova.

Editorial Board: Resp. Ed.: L.A. Vulis; V.P. Kashkarov; T.P. Leont'yeva and B.P. Ustimenko. Ed.: V.V. Aleksandriyskiy. Tech. Ed.: Z.P. Rorokina.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for personnel of scientific research institutes and industrial engineers in the field of applied fluid mechanics, and may be of interest to students of advanced courses in the field.

Card 1/9

Transactions of the Conference (Cont.)

SOV/5290

COVERAGE: The book consists of the transcriptions Of 31 papers read at the conference on gas dynamics which was convened under the initiative of the Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni S.M. Kirova (Kazakh State University imeni S.M. Kirov) and the Institut energetiki Akademii nauk Kazakhskoy SSR Institute of Power Engineering of the Academy of Sciences Kazakhskaya SSR) and held October 23-26, 1956. Three branches of applied gas dynamics were discussed, namely: jet flow of liquids and gases, serodynamics of furnace processes, and the outflow of liquids. The practical significance of the "Transactions" of the conference consists in the adaptation of theory to methods of technical computation and measuring methods related to industrial furnaces and other industrial processes in which aerodynamic phenomena play a predominant role. Eight papers read at the Conference are not included in this collection for various reasons. The authors of the missing papers are: L.D. L'vov (Thermal and Aerodynamic Characteristics of Pulverized Coal Flame Burners) and A.A. Goleyevskiy (Outlines and Physical Models of the Jet Motion Mechanics of Fluids), N.I. Akatnov, Ye. P. Bogdanov, S.V. Bukhman, T.K. Mironenko, A.B. Reznyakov, and G.V. Yakubov. L.G. Loytsyanskiy is mentioned as being in charge of a department of the Kazakh State University, and I.D. Malyukov, Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Docent, as a member of the same university. References are found at the end of most articles.

Card 2/9

P. Reference in the second of		
Transactions of the Conference (Cont.)	SOV/5290	÷ .
TABLE OF CONTENTS:		
From the Editors		3
Session of October	23, 1956	
Abramovich, G.N. [Doctor of Technical Sciences; Primeni Baranova (Central Scientific Research Institute Engines imeni P.I. Baranov); Moskovskiy aviatsionn Ordzhonikidze, Moskva (Moskov Aviation Institute i Moscow), Turbulent Jets in a Flow of Liquid	ny institut imeni	5
Ginzburg, I.P. [Doctor of Physical and Mathematica Professor; Gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Zhdan (State University imeni Zhdanov, Leningrad]. On t of Gases From Containers Through Pipes in the Pres and Local Resistances	the Outflow of	17
Card 3/9		
		1

Transactions of the Conference (Con	sov/5290	
Vulis, L.A. [Doctor of Technical Sc	iences; Professor;	
Kazakhskiy gosudarstvennyy universi		
Institut energetiki AN KazSSR, Alma	-Ata, (Kazakh State	
University imeni Kirov; Institute o		
Academy of Sciences Kazakh SSR, Almand Further Problems of Investigation		
and Gases	ue and morrow or pridures	29
		ے,
Isatayev, S.I. On the Turbulent Wal	ke Behind a Poorly	
Streamlined Body		3
A		
Contents of the Discussion in Brief		41
Session of Octo	ber 24, 1956 (Morning)	
Antonova, G.S. Investigating Turbu	lance Characteristics of a	
Free Nonisothermic Jet and an Open I	Flame	14
		7,
Kashkarov, V.P. [Candidate of Physics	ical and Mathematical Sciences].	
On Parallel and Contrary Motion of 1	Two Uniform Flows of Compressible Gas	5
Card 4/9		
		() de t

Transactions of the Conference (C	ont.) SO	v/5290	
Leont'yeva, T.P. [Candidate of Te Axially Symmetrical Jets in Paral	chnical Sciences]. Expandellel and Contrary Flows	sion of	52
Bukhman, S.V. Regularity of Moti	on and Combustion of Coal	Particles 6	59
Nazarchuk, M.M., and N.I. Pol'ski Flow of Gas in a Plane Parallel C	y. On the Crisis in the Mannel	Vincous	59
Contents of the Discussion in Bri	ef	•	75
Sensio	n of October 24, 1956 (Ev	ening)	
Terekhina, N.N. Expansion of an Medium of Different Density	Axially Symmetrical Jet o	f Cas in a	77
Chebyshev, P.V. [Vsesoyuzn'y elek Electrotechnical Institute)]. El Use in Investigating Nonisothermi	ectrothermoanemometers an	d Their	35
Card 5/9			

Profimenko, A.T. Investigating a Semirestricted Turbulent Jet	100
Akatnov, N.I. Survey of the Works of the Department of Hydroaero- dynamics of the Leningrad Polytechnical Institute imeni Kalinin on the Jet Theory	1.07
Shepelev, S.F., and S. Tsoy. Plane Jet in a Cross Section of an Air Conduit	108
Bespalova, V.G. Use of Hydrointegrators For Solving Jet Problems	115
Contents of the Discussion in Brief	122
Session of October 25, 1956 (Morning)	
Katsnel'son, B.D. [Candidate of Technical Sciences; Docent; Tsentral'nyy kotloturbinnyy institut imeni Polzunova, Leningrad (Central Turbine and Boiler Institute imeni Polzunov, Leningrad)]. Some Problems of the Aerodynamics of Furnace Cyclone Chambers and of the	123

Transactions of the Conference (Cont.) SOV/5290	
Ustimenko, B.P. Candidate of Technical Sciences, Aerodynamics of an Involute Jet and of a Cyclone Chamber	134
Volkov, Ye. V. Some Aerodynamic Problems of a Two-Phase Flow in a Cyclone Furnace	142
Tonkonogiy, A.V., and I.P. Basina. On the Problem of the Working Process in a Cyclone Chamber	152
Yakubov, G.V. Generalizing Aerodynamic Laws of Cyclone Chambers	158
Contents of the Discussion in Brief	158
Session of October 25, 1956 (Evening)	
Reznyakov, A.B. [Doctor of Technical Sciences; Institut energetiki (Institute of Power Engineering)]. Uniflow Flame of Pulverized Coal	160
Telegin, A.S. Regularities of Gas Flame Burning	160
Card 7/9	

Yershin, Sh. A. Acrodynamics of a Turbulent Gas Flame Kokarev, N.I. [Candidate of Technical Sciences; Ural'skiy politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova, Sverdlovsk (Ural Polytechnical Institute imeni Kirov, Sverdlovsk)]. Industrial	168
politekhnicheskiy institut imeni Kirova, Sverdlovsk (Ural Polytechnical Institute imeni Kirov, Sverdlovsk)]. Industrial	
Testing of New Gas Heads of Open Hearth Furnaces	178
Bogdanov, Ye. P. On the Thermal Regime of the Gasification Process	186
Contents of the Discussion in Brief	186
Final Session, October 26, 1955	
Zhulayev, P. Zh. (Candidate of Technical Sciences; Docent). Survey of Work on Hydrodynamics Done by the Institut Energetiki AN KazSSR (Institute of Power Engineering of the Academy of Sciences Kazakhskaya SSR)	187
Romanenko, S.V. (Deceased). Basic Problems of Flow Thermodynamics in Real Boundary Conditions	197
Card 8/9	